

the 1990s, the number of people in the United States who are aged 65 and older has increased from 20 million to 35 million. The number of people aged 75 and older has increased from 10 million to 15 million. The number of people aged 85 and older has increased from 3 million to 5 million. The number of people aged 90 and older has increased from 1 million to 2 million.

As a result of these increases, the number of people aged 65 and older is projected to reach 45 million by the year 2020. The number of people aged 75 and older is projected to reach 20 million by the year 2020. The number of people aged 85 and older is projected to reach 8 million by the year 2020. The number of people aged 90 and older is projected to reach 3 million by the year 2020.

The increase in the number of people aged 65 and older is due to a combination of factors. One factor is the increase in life expectancy. The average life expectancy at birth in the United States has increased from 47 years in 1900 to 77 years in 1990. This increase in life expectancy has led to an increase in the number of people who live long enough to reach age 65.

Another factor is the increase in the number of people who survive into old age. The number of people who die in infancy and childhood has decreased significantly over the past century. This decrease in infant and childhood mortality has led to an increase in the number of people who survive into old age.

A third factor is the increase in the number of people who are born in the United States. The number of people born in the United States has increased from 10 million in 1900 to 250 million in 1990. This increase in the number of people born in the United States has led to an increase in the number of people aged 65 and older.

The increase in the number of people aged 75 and older is due to a combination of factors. One factor is the increase in life expectancy. The average life expectancy at birth in the United States has increased from 47 years in 1900 to 77 years in 1990.

Another factor is the increase in the number of people who survive into old age. The number of people who die in infancy and childhood has decreased significantly over the past century. This decrease in infant and childhood mortality has led to an increase in the number of people who survive into old age.

A third factor is the increase in the number of people who are born in the United States. The number of people born in the United States has increased from 10 million in 1900 to 250 million in 1990. This increase in the number of people born in the United States has led to an increase in the number of people aged 75 and older.

The increase in the number of people aged 85 and older is due to a combination of factors. One factor is the increase in life expectancy. The average life expectancy at birth in the United States has increased from 47 years in 1900 to 77 years in 1990.

Another factor is the increase in the number of people who survive into old age. The number of people who die in infancy and childhood has decreased significantly over the past century. This decrease in infant and childhood mortality has led to an increase in the number of people who survive into old age.

A third factor is the increase in the number of people who are born in the United States. The number of people born in the United States has increased from 10 million in 1900 to 250 million in 1990. This increase in the number of people born in the United States has led to an increase in the number of people aged 85 and older.