

## FOOT NOTES

### Chapter VI

1) Granovsky put it clearly when he stated:

Arabs overlooked the fact that Jewish colonialism brings many benefits to the Arab economy and represents perhaps the only way to improve their situation..it alone, by bringing technical skills, and tremendous stores of human energy into the country, is capable of putting an end to the hundreds of years old Arab stagnation and of paving the way to a new development. Granovsky, A. Land Policy in Palestine (New York, 1940),p.7.

2) The Globe and Mail, June, 4, 1988.

3)Referring to this point, Simpson wrote:

Actually the result of the purchase of land in Palestine by the Jewish National Fund has been that land has been extra-territorialized. It ceases to be land from which the Arab can gain any advantage either now or at any time in the future. Not only can he never hope to lease or to cultivate it, but, by the stringent provisions of the lease of the Jewish National Fund he is deprived for ever from employment on that land..The land is in mort-main and inalienable. "Simpson's Report", p. 54.

4) See Chapter 3 which deals with the expropriation of land.

5) See, "The First Arab Congress", Haifa, Dec. 11, 1930, in Budeiri, M. The development of the Arab Labour Movement in Palestine. (Jerusalem, 1979) pp. 163-66. This book which contains documents on labour conditions for the years 1919-1948 is the only published manuscript on this issue. The book lacks pagination. Page numbers appearing in this work are added to the book.

6) The decline in the value of exported soap during the 1930s was as follows: P.L. 206,259 in 1930; P.L. 119,941 in 1931; P.L. 108,101 in 1932; P.L. 79,342 in 1933; P.L. 71,532 in 1934 and P.L. 79,311 in